

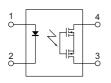


# Short circuit protection (Latch type).

## GU PhotoMOS (AQY210KS)



mm inch



#### **FEATURES**

- 1. Short circuit protection (Latch type) When the output current exceeds a xed amount, it is cut and the off state is maintained. The relay can be restored by turning off the input current and then turning it back on.
- 2. SO package 4-Piån type in super miniature design
- 3. Tape and reel

The device comes standard in a tape and reel (1,000 pcs./reel) to facilitate automatic insertion machines.

- 4. Controls low-level analog signals
- 5. Low-level off state leakage current

#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Modem and Telephone equipment
- · Measuring and Testing equipment
- Security equipment
- · Industrial equipment
- Traf c signal control

#### **TYPES**

Туре	Output rating*		Part	D 11 (11	
	Load voltage	Load current	Picked from the 1/2-pin side Picked from the 3/4-pin side		Packing quantity in tape and reel
			1 Form A	1 Form A	in tape and reer
AC/DC type	350 V	120 mA	AQY210KSX	AQY210KSZ	1,000 pcs.

<sup>\*</sup> Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Notes: (1) Tape package is the standard packing style. Also available in tube. (Part No. suf x "X" or "Z" is not needed when ordering; Tube: 100 pcs.; Case: 2,000 pcs.)

(2) For space reasons, the initial letters of the product number "AQY" and "S" are omitted on the product seal. The package type indicator "X" and "Z" are omitted from the seal. (Ex. the label for product number AQY210KS is 210K).

#### **RATING**

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

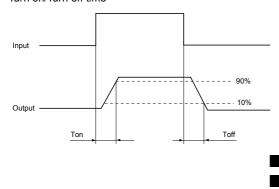
Item			AQY210KS	Remarks
Input	LED forward current	İF	50 mA	
	LED reverse voltage	VR	5 V	
	Peak forward current	<b>I</b> FP	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mW	
	Load voltage (peak AC)	VL	350 V	
Output	Continuous load current (peak AC)	IL	0.12 A	
	Power dissipation	Pout	300 mW	
Total power dissipation		Р⊤	350 mW	
I/O isolation voltage		Viso	1,500 V AC	
Temperature limits	Operating	Topr	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
	Storage	T <sub>stg</sub>	<b>-40°C to +100°C -40°F to +212°F</b>	

2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item				Symbol	AQY210KS	Condition
Input	LED operate current		Typical	Fon	1.1 mA	IL = Max.
			Maximum		3.0 mA	
	LED turn off current		Minimum	l <sub>Foff</sub>	0.3 mA	IL = Max.
			Typical		1.0 mA	
	LED dropout voltage		Typical	VF	1.32 V (1.13 V at I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA)	I <sub>F</sub> = 50 mA
			Maximum	VF	1.5 V	
Output	On resistance		Typical	Ron	23.5Ω	I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA I <sub>L</sub> = 120 mA Within 1 s on time
			Maximum		35Ω	
	Off state leakage current		Maximum	Leak	1μΑ	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA V <sub>L</sub> = 350 V
	Over current protection	Cut off current	Minimum	Ishut	160 mA	I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA Within 20ms on time
			Typical		200 mA	
			Maximum		240 mA	
		Detection time	Typical	Tshut	50μs	I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA V <sub>L</sub> = 350 V DC short circuit
Transfer characteristics	Turn on time*		Typical	Ton	0.7 ms	I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA I <sub>L</sub> = Max.
			Maximum		2 ms	
	Turn off time*		Typical	Toff	0.07 ms	I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA I <sub>L</sub> = Max.
			Maximum		1 ms	
	I/O capacitance		Typical	Ciso	0.8 pF	f = 1 MHz V <sub>B</sub> = 0 V
			Maximum		1.5 pF	
	Initial I/O isolation resistance		Minimum	Riso	1,000 MΩ	500 V DC

Note: Recommendable LED forward current IF= 5 mA.n

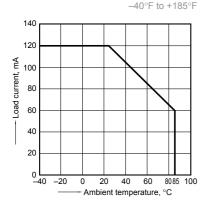
#### \*Turn on/Turn off time



#### REFERENCE DATA

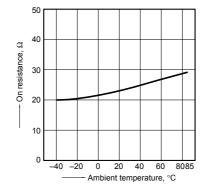
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C



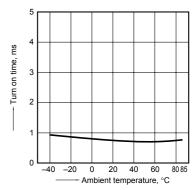
2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; LED current: 5 mA; Load current: Max.(DC)



3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 mA;

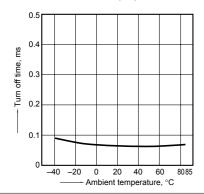
Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



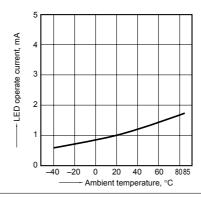
## GU PhotoMOS (AQY210KS)

4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 mA;

Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

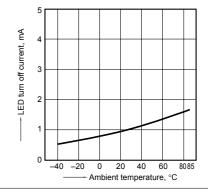


5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

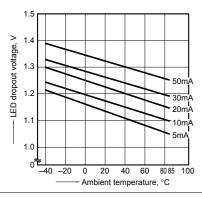


6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Continuous load current: Max.(DC)

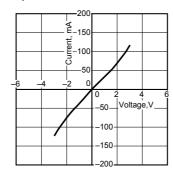


7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 to 50 mA



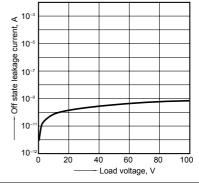
8. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



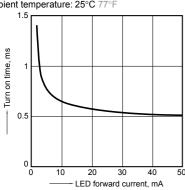
9. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Ambient temperature:  $25^{\circ}C$   $77^{\circ}F$ 



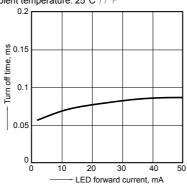
10. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current:Max.(DC); Ambient temperature:  $25^{\circ}C$   $77^{\circ}F$ 



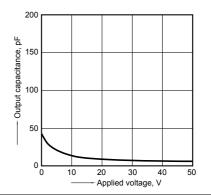
11. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current:Max.(DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



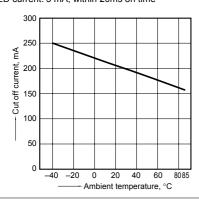
12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



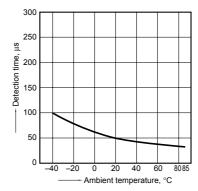
13. Cut off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; LED current: 5 mA, within 20ms on time



 Detection time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC);



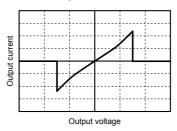
### What is short circuit protection latch type?

When the load current exceeds speci cations , the short circuit protection function kicks in and completely cuts off the load current, thus turning off the relay. The short circuit protection inside the PhotoMOS relay instantaneously (typ. 50  $\mu s$ ) and completely cuts of the load current.

This protects any circuits that follow the PhotoMOS relay from excess current. There is almost no heating of the PhotoMOS relay, which prevents it from becoming damaged. To restore the function of the relay turn off the input current and then turn it back on. In order to operate the short circuit protection function, ensure that the input current is at least I<sub>F</sub> = 5 mA.

## Output voltage and output current characteristics

V-I characteristics of PhotoMOS relay with short circuit protection circuit



#### **Operation chart**

